Code of Practice for the use of similarity detection software on electronic submission of text based coursework with effect from 1 August 2017

This Code brings together and updates recommendations initially agreed considered by the Learning and Teaching Board in 2010 and 2011 following the introduction of the Blackboard VLE in 2009. The updates reflect changes in practice arising from the Digital Strategy for Taught Student Education and the institutional move towards electronic submission of coursework (TSEB/14-82) by the start of the 2016-2017 session, and developments in good practice standards in use of similarity detection software to support academic integrity.

1. Electronic submission and collection of assignments

Where Schools require students to submit specific pieces of work electronically:

a) Schools should have in place a transparent system for the receipt and anonymisation of electronically submitted student work comparable to that used for hard copy submission where reasonably possible.

b) Schools can require students to submit a hard copy of their assignment (i.e. in addition to the ‘electronic’ copy). Where both forms of submission are required Schools should be clear about any penalties for lack of consistency in either submission date or content.

c) One copy of student work, however submitted, should be retained in line with relevant University guidelines, e.g. for consideration by external examiners

d) Copies of student work submitted and marked electronically must be kept for the same length of time as work submitted and marked in hard copy.

e) Student work retained electronically, must be kept on a University-supported system for security and backup.

As a minimum, students are required to submit work electronically using the Turnitin software for at least one text based assignment per student each semester for the duration of their programme.

2. Anonymising work for marking

The Learning Technologies Team recommend best practice settings for use of Turnitin. The recommended settings for set-up will mean that anonymous marking is enabled, and the authors' names in the Turnitin Assignments inbox are not visible.

3. Use of Turnitin

The use of Turnitin provides three main benefits: a) publicising the fact that it is used is a clear deterrent to those who might plagiarise, b) it enables evidence to be gathered to feed into the academic judgement of whether plagiarism has taken place, and c) it helps a school to get an insight into how wide scale plagiarism is.

The process: a member of staff creates a “Turnitin Assignment” in Minerva for the collection and checking of student work. Students (or staff) submit assignments electronically. Turnitin processes the assignments and produces an “Originality Report”. The report compares the student’s paper to web pages, online journals and its own database of work that has already been submitted and highlights content that is matches material elsewhere (with links to that content where possible). A percentage mark of non-original text is given – the similarity

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1 Where a paper has been successfully submitted to the Minerva through Turnitin a student will receive an email confirmation receipt [http://www.leeds.ac.uk/vle/students/assess/turnitin/](http://www.leeds.ac.uk/vle/students/assess/turnitin/).

2 [http://www.leeds.ac.uk/vle/staff/assess/turnitin/setup/index.htm](http://www.leeds.ac.uk/vle/staff/assess/turnitin/setup/index.htm)
index. The matched text may be correctly quoted and referenced, poor academic writing or plagiarised. It is an academic decision to decide whether the originality report indicates potential plagiarism.

4. Student Guidance

As part of a supervised teaching session, students should be allowed to see an originality report based either on a model assessment or a draft of their work and perhaps resubmit as a learning exercise early during their academic career and before marks count towards degree classification. At level 2 and above, students should not be provided with their originality reports. Schools should run a similar exercise with anyone who is new to study at the University (e.g. new taught postgraduate students who may not have been made aware of Turnitin at undergraduate level, study abroad students, and online distance learning students).

5. Checking of originality reports

There should be checking of all originality reports for work submitted electronically through Turnitin for plagiarism by all students on all modules, regardless of percentage match indicated by the similarity index.

The Module leader is responsible for checking of originality reports. It is at the School discretion whether the marker checks the reports. Checking might be assigned to an intern or Teaching Assistant to perform given adequate training and supervision. Administrative staff might undertake basic checking and pass any suspect cases to an academic for further consideration. Schools are required to write local guidance in the context of their discipline to be drafted by the Academic Integrity Lead.

It is at the School discretion when originality reports are checked, and whether before or after the marking is undertaken. Originality reports must be checked before the exam board. Where plagiarism is suspected following consideration of an originality report, it shall be for the School to determine, whether or not the assessment will be marked.

Any marks published by a School prior to checking of originality reports must be on a provisional basis.

School arrangements for checking of originality reports shall be published as part of the School Code of Practice on Assessment.

6. Wider considerations of plagiarism

Consideration of plagiarism should not rely entirely on the use of Turnitin. Irrespective of whether Turnitin is being used, where, in marking a piece of work, a marker has a suspicion of plagiarism that piece of work should be submitted to Turnitin and the Originality Report should only be used to inform the consideration of whether or not plagiarism has taken place.

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